Historical Timeline

What	Historical Tim	leline	Who
1851 - 52 - Sewing machine, Elev	rator (Elisha Otis)	18 04 – 1	8 49 – Johann <mark>Strauss</mark>
18 57 – Germ theory of disease		18 33 – 1	8 97 – Johannes Brahms
1864 - Pasteurization invented, Tot	lstoy War and Peace	18 33 – 1	8 96 – Alfred Nobel
18 67 – 69 – Nobel invents dynamite , Strauss <i>Blue Danube Waltz</i> , Suez Canal opens			
18 70 – Franco – Prussian War		18 40 – 1	8 93 – Pyotr Tchaikovsky
1873 – 75 – Tolstoy Anna Karenina, Alexander G. Bell invents telephone.			
18 76 – Tchaikovsky Swan Lake		18 53 – 1	8 90 – Vincent van Gogh
1880-81-Edison's electric light,	Red Cross founded	18 69 – 1	9 48 – Mahatma Gandhi
18 82 – 84 – R.L. Stevenson Treasure Island, Mark Twain Huckleberry Finn			
1884 - 85 – Chinese – French War		18 79 – 1	9 53 – Joseph <mark>Stalin</mark>
1886 – Statue of Liberty dedicated	18 79 -	- 19 55 - 2	Albert Einstein
18 89 – Eiffel Tower opens.		18 82 – 1	9 45 – F.D. Roosevelt
1891 – Zipper invented 1893 – Ford's first automobile, Sprague invents Electric Trolley			
1896 – Marconi invents the radio, First modern Olympic games (Athens, Greece)			
1898-H.G. Wells War of the World	lds	18 83 – 1	9 45 – Benito Mussolini
19 00 – Olympics in Paris		18 87 – 1	9 75 – Chiang <mark>Kai-Shek</mark>
1903 – First powered $flight$ by the V	Vright Bros.	19 02 – 1	9 74 – Charles Lindbergh
1904 - 1914 - Panama Canal construction 1905 - Einstein's Theory of Relativity			
$1909-\mbox{Peary reaches the North Po}$	le 19 10 -	- First Fat	her's Day
1912 – Titanic sinks, First Charlie	Chaplin movies.	19 15 – S	onar developed
19 14 – 19 17 – The Great War (WW	<mark>E)</mark>	19 17 – 1	9 63 – John F. Kennedy
1918 – Formation of WWI countries , Daylight Savings introduced , Worldwide influenza epidemic .			
$1919- {\tt Rutherford \ {\tt splits} \ the \ {\tt atom}}.$			

What was happening during the life of **Claude Monet?**

What

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19 04 - 19 14 – Panama Canal construction 19 05 – Einstein's Theory of Relativity				
1909 – Peary reaches the North Pole 1910 – First Father's Day				
19 12 – Titanic sinks, First Charlie Chaplin movies.	19 15 – Sonar developed			
19 14 – 19 17 – The Great War (WWI)	19 17 – 19 63 – John F. Kennedy			
1918 – Formation of WWI countries, Daylight Savings introduced, Worldwide influenza epidemic.				
1919 – Rutherford splits the atom .				





Claude Monet Quiz Answers 1. F. Poverty was constantly harassing him when he was first starting out. Only later in his life did he earn enough to live comfortably. 2. Wives, children, stepchildren. Poverty kept him from paying for other models. 3. Eugène Boudin, Édouard Manet, Pierre-Auguste Renoir, Frédéric Bazille and Alfred Sisley. John Constable and Joseph Turner, Edgar Degas. 4. Impression, Sunrise, 1872. 5. From: http://www.monetartprints.net/monet_biography.html : "By the time his was sixteen, in 1856, most of the traits that were to make Monet a great painter were evident. He was not religious and had little faith in anything that was not drawn from direct experience. '...by enlarging your knowledge of things, you will find your knowledge of self enlarged.' - Claude Monet Before his death in December, Monet told his family that he wanted a simple funeral, with no religious service and no flowers. He said, 'Above all, remember I want neither flowers nor wreaths. Those are vain honors. It would be a sacrilege to plunder the flowers of my garden for an occasion such as this.' Throughout his life, Monet defined his art as a means to express his harmony with the natural world. "All I did," he said, "was to look at what the universe showed me, to let my brush bear witness to it."

The Magpie, 1868-1869

