

What

Historical Timeline

Who

- 1789 – **French Revolution**
- 1794 – **First telegraph** Paris to Lille
- 1831 – Great **cholera** pandemic
- 1831 – **London Bridge** opened
- 1851, 52 – **Sewing machine, Elevator** (Elisha Otis)
- 1857 – **Germ theory** of disease
- 1864 – **Pasteurization**, Tolstoy *War and Peace*
- 1867 – Nobel invents **dynamite**, Strauss *Blue Danube Waltz*
- 1875 – Twain *The Adventures of Tom Sawyer*, Alexander G. **Bell** invents **telephone**.
- 1880 – **Edison's** electric **light**
- 1884 - 85 – **Chinese - French War**
- 1889 – **Eiffel Tower** opens
- 1891 – **Zipper** invented
- 1893 – **Sprague** invents **Electric Trolley**
- 1895, 96 – Tchaikovsky *Swan Lake*, Marconi invents **radio**, First modern **Olympic games** (Athens)
- 1804 – 1849 – Johann **Strauss**, Viennese composer
- 1833 – 1897 – Johannes **Brahms**
- 1833 – 1896 – Alfred **Nobel**
- 1835 – 1910 – Samuel L. **Clemens** (Mark Twain)
- 1853 – 1890 – Vincent **van Gogh**
- 1868 – 1960 – **W.E.B. Dubois**
- 1879 – 1955 – Albert **Einstein**
- 1879 – 1953 – Joseph **Stalin**
- 1882 – 1945 – F.D. **Roosevelt**
- 1883 – 1945 – Benito **Mussolini**
- 1887 – 1975 – Chiang **Kai-Shek**



Bronze Bull (2 different models).

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Bronze Bull (2 different models).

Rosa Bonheur

What do you remember?



1. What is an animalière? _____

2. What is osteology? _____

3. In artistic terms, what is it called when an artist uses light and dark contrast? _____

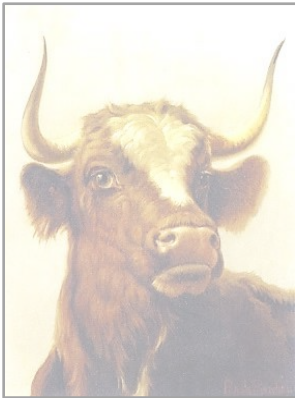


4. What is an artist's "study"? _____

5. Rosa's portraits of people generally featured animals prominently. T or F.

6. Every other person in Rosa's family was an "artist". T or F.

7. Anything about Bonheur's spiritual journey?



King Charles Spaniel, 1878 (56). Walking Bull, 1845 (23). Head of a Bull. Bronze Bull.

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Rosa Bonheur

Quiz Answers:

1. An animalière is an artist, mainly from the 19th century, who is known for, skill in the realistic portrayal of animals. "Animal painter" is the more general term for earlier artists.
2. Osteology is the scientific study of bones.
3. Value is given to a piece of art when light and dark colors are contrasted.
4. In art, a study is a drawing, sketch or painting done in preparation for a finished piece, or as visual notes.
5. True.
6. True. Bonheur was the oldest child in a family of artists. Her father, Oscar-Raymond Bonheur, was a landscape and portrait painter. Her mother Sophie was a piano teacher. Her younger siblings were Auguste Bonheur and Juliette Bonheur (animal painters) and the animal sculptor Isidore Jules Bonheur.
7. Her father belonged to a "Christian Socialist" sect that believed men and women were to live the same. This group was waiting for a female messiah to come. Not sure if Rosa believed as her dad did.

Rosa Bonheur

Quiz Answers:

1. An animalière is an artist, mainly from the 19th century, who specializes in, or is known for, skill in the realistic portrayal of animals. The more general term for earlier artists is "Animal painter."
2. Osteology is the scientific study of bones.
3. Value is given to a piece of art when light and dark colors are contrasted.
4. In art, a study is a drawing, sketch or painting done in preparation for a finished piece, or as visual notes.
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Rosa Bonheur

What do you remember?



8. What is an animalière? _____
_____.
9. What is osteology? _____
_____.
10. In artistic terms, what is it called when an artist uses light and dark contrast? _____.
11. What is an artist's "study"? _____
_____.
12. Rosa's portraits of people generally featured animals prominently. T or F.
13. Every other person in Rosa's family was an "artist". T or F.
14. Anything about Bonheur's spiritual journey?

_____.



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